

INVEST that the men who are joining the French army following the new law are especially fit, well trained, full of initiative and become quickly battle seasoned. The French officers also are declared to be generally more skilled than the Germans.

The violent German attack at Arras indicates, it is thought, that another attempt is being made to turn the French forces similar to the effort made at Arras. The French officers, however, obtained early information of the German plans.

A dispatch from Boulogne says that the attacks were made by two columns, one from Lens and the other from Douai, which joined at Arras (some twenty miles north of Lille). The dispatch continues:

"The French had evacuated the village north of Arras and kept their troops carefully concealed in the city."

Fired On From Houses.

The Germans, expecting no opposition, marched into the suburb of St. Nicholas, with bands playing and colors flying. Suddenly fire was opened from the houses as the enemy debouched onto the bridge over the Scarpe.

A battalion guard with fixed bayonets dashed forward, hoping to escape into the city, but French dragoons unexpectedly appeared. Caught between quick-firing anti-aircraft guns and their own troops, the Germans threw down their arms while the troops behind them beat a hasty retreat.

Meanwhile a French aviator dropped bombs, destroying the track between an armored train which was following the German column. The train found a sixteen-inch gun, which was being transported in sections and accompanied by a number of engineers from Krupp.

Says Lille Is Burning.

The correspondent of the Daily News in the immediate north of France, under date of Thursday, telegraphs as follows:

"The main fighting is now proceeding farther south, around Arras, and on the frontier line a few miles east of Nieppe. Lille is burning and the city is in flames. The allies have been in and out of the city, and our shells set the town afire at the western end. If we cannot pound the enemy out we must drive him toward Flanders with flame and smoke."

Kaiser Directs Forces.

It is reported that Emperor William, with his staff, is directing the withdrawal from Tournai, Belgium, with Boulogne and Calais as the objective, via

KAISER'S ESCAPE FROM DEATH BY BOMBS AT THIELT IS TOLD

LONDON, November 6, 3:29 a.m.—A correspondent of the Times in northern France gives further details of Emperor William's escape from bombs at Thielt, Belgium.

"For five days," says the correspondent, "Emperor William was present at the operations on the front. He was with some of his aids, arrived by motor car at Thielt, where apartments had been reserved for him at the hotel and where his personal baggage also was."

DECLARES NEUTRALITY OF U. S. IN CONFLICT

President Signs Proclamation Regarding Turko-English Belligerency.

President Wilson today signed the proclamation declaring the neutrality of the United States in the conflict between Great Britain and Turkey. It is the same as those issued to cover the conflicts between the other belligerents.

Russia informed the American government today through the embassy at Petrograd that on account of mines planted to protect Russian territory, the entrance to the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles were closed to shipping, that mines have been placed around the Helles and in the northern part of the Helles sea in a zone from latitude 39 degrees 50 minutes north and east of the twenty-first meridian of longitude.

Officials at the Greek legation here are waiting with intense interest a declaration from Bulgaria as to whether or not she will side with the Turks or the allies, or continue her neutrality. It is freely admitted that Bulgaria's sword in the balance may turn the scales to war for the rest of the Balkan.

Greece Not Yet Affected.

It was pointed out at the Greek legation that Turkey's belligerency need not affect Greece since the belligerent countries are not coterminous and the danger zones about the islands of Mytilene and Chios, whose occupation by Greece has been the chief cause of the Young Turk's greater navy movement, are well guarded by allied warships in the Aegean.

It has already been stated by Minister Schlemmer, however, that the participation of another Balkan state in the embargo would mean immediate warlike action of the Hellenic government.

Requirements for Appointees.

The three members of this commission must not have any claim in any of the property, own any stock in any corporation in any of the property or have had connections with any bank or corporation having any interest in the property through loan or otherwise.

And above all they must not be debtors or creditors to any one having any interest in the property, and no members of the commission's families can have had any interest in the property which is to be appraised. To these conditions the commissioners must file oaths.

In the first part of the year, when the matter was much discussed in Congress, the President received a committee of the claimants and listened to their appeals for aid from him, which would result in an early conclusion and settlement of the whole case.

President to Rest Until Tuesday.

The President is planning to take a rest until Tuesday, and has canceled all engagements until then. He will give his attention to such matters as are urgent.

There were a number of callers at the White House this morning discussing the recent elections and Secretary Tamm. They all declared that wherever a democrat was elected it was with a large majority and was never before.

Senator Olla James was with Secretary Tamm for some time this morning, going over the democratic situation.

WAR ON ALIEN ENEMIES BRINGS PROTEST TO U. S.

Both Sides Ask Investigation of Treatment Accorded to Civilian Prisoners.

LONDON, November 6.—War on non-combatants among the alien enemies in the countries of the various belligerents has reached such an acute stage that both sides have virtually asked the diplomatic intervention of the United States.

The police of the British Isles have lessened their activity in rounding up alien enemies because the military authorities are unable to supply quarters for their internment, but the non-combatants continue to be rounded up and taken to the training camps, and the German press is equally keen in demanding retaliation against the belligerents in connection with this phase of the controversy that the United States has been requested to make investigations.

GERMAN MINISTER DENIES CROWN PRINCE WOUNDED

LONDON, November 6.—According to a Central News dispatch from Copenhagen, the German minister, Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, has issued a statement categorically denying the rumors that the German crown prince and Prince Albert were either wounded or killed in the battle of Ypres.

GERMAN MINISTER DENIES CROWN PRINCE WOUNDED

LONDON, November 6.—According to a Central News dispatch from Copenhagen, the German minister, Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, has issued a statement categorically denying the rumors that the German crown prince and Prince Albert were either wounded or killed in the battle of Ypres.

LA TAKES OFF TO RESTORE ACTIVITY

Promises to Retire to Private Life if Action Will Eliminate Carranza.

HIS STATEMENT CHEERED BY PEACE CONVENTION

Provisional President Gutierrez Agrees to Proclaim Guarantees Demanded by the U. S.

Gen. Villa has formally notified the national convention at Aguascalientes of his willingness to resign command of his troops and retire to private life if it is necessary to bring about the elimination of Gen. Carranza.

The convention, according to official reports received here today, received Villa's communication with a tumult of applause. No action was taken on it until the report of a commission which went to Puebla to notify Carranza of the selection of Gen. Gutierrez as provisional president.

Villa's statement is in answer to the stipulations of Gen. Carranza that with his own retirement, Villa and Carranza should be eliminated from military authority.

According to reports from American Consul Silliman, resistance by Carranza of the convention's orders will depend on the attitude of Gen. Pablo Gonzalez, commander of the division of the east. He is at Queretaro with several thousand troops and indications are that he will remain loyal to Carranza.

Carranza's visit to Oregoon, commander of the division of the west, it is believed by officials here, may have an important bearing on the situation, as Oregoon has been assumed a threatening attitude at his headquarters a hundred miles south of Aguascalientes.

Thereupon the delegates telegraphed Villa to send a force to defend the city against attack. No fighting had taken place when today's report was dispatched, both sides awaiting the outcome of the conferences at Puebla.

Concedes Guarantees Asked by U. S.

Gutierrez has stated to American agents that as soon as he is sworn in as provisional president he will issue the proclamation giving the guarantees desired by the United States before withdrawing his forces from Vera Cruz. Villa has agreed to support Gutierrez in enforcing the proclamation which Carranza is to issue.

High officials here, however, said today that such a proclamation would not be sufficient to bring about the withdrawal of Carranza's forces. They said that Carranza, who is loyal to Carranza, is in command of the state of Vera Cruz and that Carranza has force to that vicinity and demand that his troops are able to back up the guarantees. American troops then might be withdrawn.

DEFINES CARRANZA'S POSITION.

According to reports from American Consul Silliman, resistance by Carranza of the convention's orders will depend on the attitude of Gen. Pablo Gonzalez, commander of the division of the east. He is at Queretaro with several thousand troops and indications are that he will remain loyal to Carranza.

Carranza's visit to Oregoon, commander of the division of the west, it is believed by officials here, may have an important bearing on the situation, as Oregoon has been assumed a threatening attitude at his headquarters a hundred miles south of Aguascalientes.

Thereupon the delegates telegraphed Villa to send a force to defend the city against attack. No fighting had taken place when today's report was dispatched, both sides awaiting the outcome of the conferences at Puebla.

Concedes Guarantees Asked by U. S.

Gutierrez has stated to American agents that as soon as he is sworn in as provisional president he will issue the proclamation giving the guarantees desired by the United States before withdrawing his forces from Vera Cruz. Villa has agreed to support Gutierrez in enforcing the proclamation which Carranza is to issue.

High officials here, however, said today that such a proclamation would not be sufficient to bring about the withdrawal of Carranza's forces. They said that Carranza, who is loyal to Carranza, is in command of the state of Vera Cruz and that Carranza has force to that vicinity and demand that his troops are able to back up the guarantees. American troops then might be withdrawn.

SAYS RUSSIAN VICTORY IS GREATEST OF WAR

PARIS, November 6, 4:47 p.m.—Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces in the field, has sent a telegram to Gen. Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, saying the Russians have gained in East Prussia the greatest victory since the beginning of the war.

RESPECTED ALIENS FEARFUL OF REPRESSION

Foreign Correspondence of The Star.

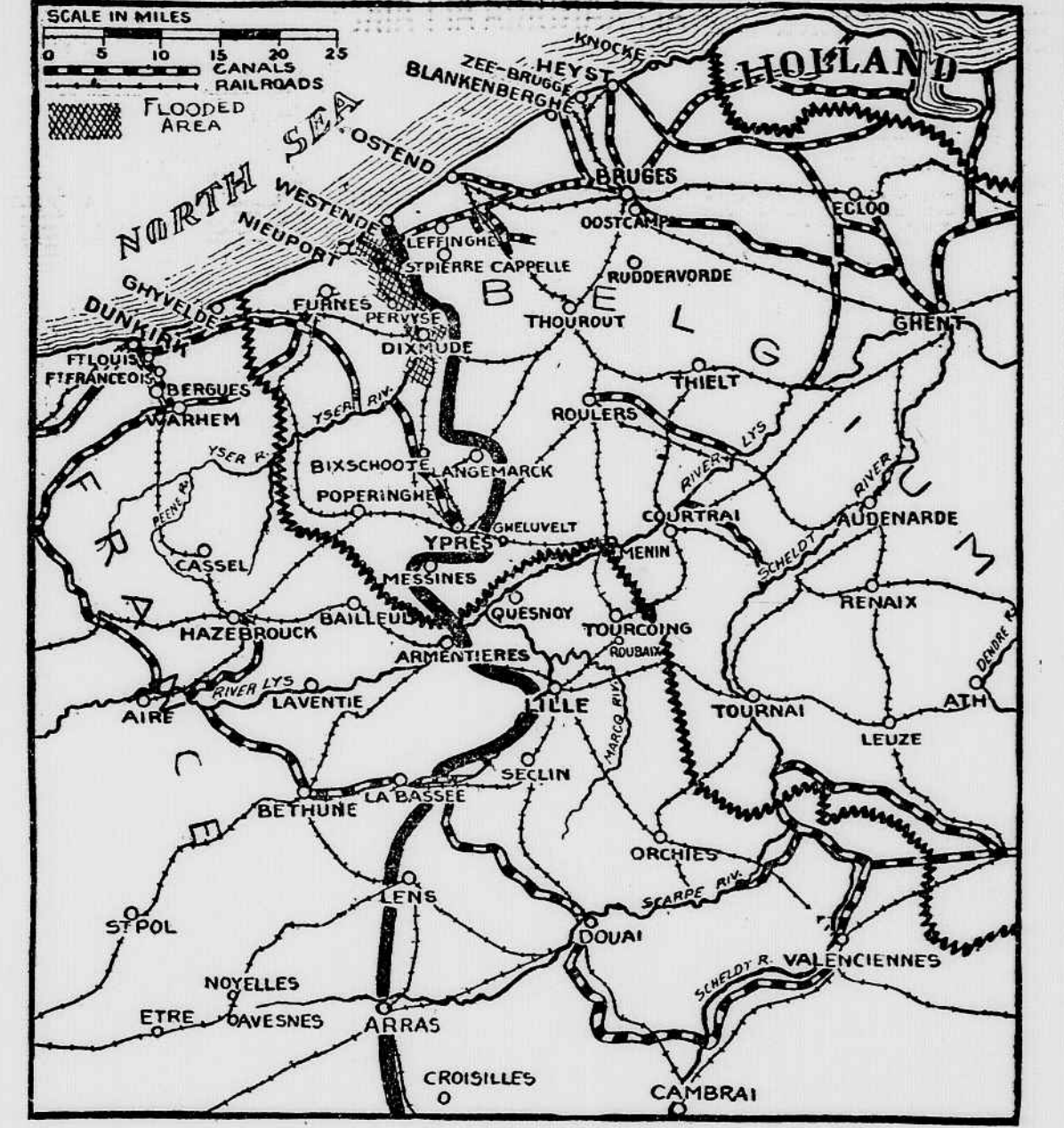
LONDON, October 24.—With the discovery of secret emplacements for German forces in Poland and Scotland on premises owned by Germans, the spy fever has grown to great proportions, and under the insistent pressure of the press, the home secretary, Mr. McKenna, has been stirred into violent action. The new movement bids fair to go as far toward repression as the matter as it lacked energy before.

Thousands of alien enemies are being rounded up daily and interned at places in the interior, as the order has gone forth for all males between the ages of seventeen and forty-five to be arrested, and a clean sweep is being made. First the alien enemies, then the unfriendly alien waters out of the hotels.

The very indiscreet conduct of some of the German managers of London hotels gave a sharper edge, and from point to point the thing has grown to something like a panic. Well known and respected aliens, many of whom have sons fighting in the British army, are being charged together with those who are unfavorably known to the police, and there is a nervous demand that all should be locked up at once.

Many of them have English wives, many came from Germany and Austria because of their hatred of military discipline and conscription, many are Poles who fled to escape German persecution, many are Americans who have come to this country to make their money, and many are of other nationalities. It is to be hoped that the home office will not be rushed out of all discrimination on this matter, and that it will decide upon some scheme by which different sections of the alien population will be dealt with.

SCENE OF THE FIGHTING IN FLANDERS AND NORTHERN FRANCE



JAPANESE ANNOUNCE TSINGTAU CASUALTIES

Bombardment of City Continues. Aeros Drop Bombs and Warnings to Inhabitants.

TOKIO, November 6.—Complete casualty lists containing the names of the killed and wounded to date in the operations around Tsingtau show that the British had two killed and eight wounded, their wounded including two majors, and that the Japanese had 290 killed and 878 wounded.

The official communication issued by the government today states that the bombardment of Tsingtau continues. It also states that aeroplanes are dropping bombs and circulars into the besieged port. The circulars warn the inhabitants not to participate in the military operations in any way.

The Japanese general staff explains that the assault on the main positions around Tsingtau, the Hsiao, Hsiao, and Moltke forts, must be deferred until after the capture of the five forts south of the Hsiao river, where, behind strong defenses, the German artillery and infantry are making a determined stand. These five forts are 2,400 feet from the Japanese trenches.

U. S. MARINES AT BEIRUT

State Department Slow to Credit Report Received by Paris Temps.

PARIS, November 6.—The Temps has received a report stating that American marines have been landed at Beirut, Syria, for the protection of American interests.

Slow to Credit Report.

Neither the Navy nor the State Department has received any word of the reported landing of American marines at Beirut. The report is being slow to credit the report, though they admitted that it was entirely possible that the armored cruiser North Carolina, now in Beirut harbor, had sent a detachment of marines ashore at the request of the American consul there.

It was pointed out that if the marines had been landed the North Carolina's commander in all probability had acted under an understanding with the local authorities, to furnish a guard for the American consulate. There missionaries and other foreigners might gather for safety in the event of uprisings.

Reports from Beirut some days ago indicated that the marines had been landed at Beirut. The North Carolina was sent there with gold to relieve stranded Americans, and with her sister ship, the Tennessee, to deal with any emergency that might arise. The Tennessee now is at or near Alexandria, Egypt.

MARGIN IN HOUSE IS STILL IN DOUBT

Democratic Plurality Fluctuates as the Belated Official Returns Are Made.

MAJORITY OF 25 OVER ALL SHOWN IN FIGURES TODAY

Several of the Senatorial Elections Also Undecided—Official Counts Probably Necessary.

The democratic majority in the newly elected House still fluctuates, being subject to change as late reports are received. On the face of the returns so far at hand, the democrats will have a majority of twenty-five and a plurality of thirty-five over the republicans. One district in New York, the first, is still in doubt, and an official count may be required before the result there is finally known. In the count giving the results of the election of twenty-five of the first New York district is reckoned democratic. Representative Lathrop Brown being credited with the victory. The election of Senator Sherman, a democrat, in Colorado, though the democrats are claiming this seat.

In Nevada an official count probably will be necessary to decide the contest between Senator Newlands, democrat, and Samuel Platt, his republican opponent. In Wisconsin also an official count is expected to decide the race between McFadden, republican, and Harding, democrat.

In Kansas the republicans appear to have secured their candidate, former Senator Curtis. It appears to be decided that the election of Senator Sherman has been elected over his democratic opponent, Roger C. Sullivan.

The election of Sherman in Illinois is another blow to Col. Roosevelt, who campaigned against Sherman. The three republicans against Sherman were defeated by Roosevelt.

In California, Charles S. Whitman, as governor of New York, Penna., as senator from Pennsylvania, and Sherman as senator from Illinois.

NEWLANDS NOW LEADS RETURNS RECEIVED FROM 188 PRECINCTS

OUT OF 246 IN NEVADA.

CARSON, Nev., November 6.—Returns from 188 precincts out of 246 in Nevada give for United States senator: Newlands, democrat, 7,707; Platt, republican, 7,685. This gives Newlands a lead of 22 votes, with approximately 350 to hear from.

MEMBERSHIP OF NEXT HOUSE BY STATES

State	Dem.	Rep.	Ind.
Alabama	10	0	0
Arizona	1	0	0
Arkansas	7	3	0
California	12	4	0
Colorado	3	1	0
Connecticut	0	5	0
Delaware	1	0	0
Florida	4	0	0
Georgia	12	0	0
Idaho	1	0	0
Illinois	9	17	1
Indiana	11	2	0
Iowa	10	1	0
Kansas	6	2	0
Kentucky	0	2	0
Louisiana	7	3	0
Maine	1	0	0
Maryland	5	1	0
Massachusetts	4	1	0
Michigan	11	0	0
Minnesota	1	4	1
Mississippi	1	0	0
Missouri	14	0	0
Montana	2	0	0
Nebraska	3	3	0
Nevada	1	1	0
New Hampshire	0	2	0
New Jersey	4	8	0
New Mexico	0	0	0
New York	20	21	1
North Carolina	3	1	0
North Dakota	3	0	0
Ohio	10	12	0
Oklahoma	7	1	0
Oregon	1	0	0
Pennsylvania	6	30	0
Rhode Island	1	2	0
South Carolina	7	2	0
South Dakota	4	0	0
Tennessee	8	2	0
Texas	10	1	0
Vermont	0	2	0
Virginia	9	1	0
Washington	4	0	0
West Virginia	3	3	0
Wisconsin	3	4	0
Wyoming	0	1	0
Total House membership	230	195	8
Necessary to control House	115	98	4
Democratic majority	115	98	4
Democratic plurality	16	0	0

DEMOCRATS CONTROL IN NEBRASKA

OMAHA, Neb., November 6.—The Omaha Republican today conceded the control of both houses of the Nebraska legislature to the democrats, with a likelihood that besides the governor, the democrats have elected secretary of state, treasurer and attorney general.

The result in the fifth congressional district is still in doubt.

HOUSE COMMITTEE PERSONNEL

Sweeping Changes by Election Will Make Reorganization Necessary.

NINE MEMBERS OF D. C. BODY WILL NOT RETURN

Dyer, Who Was Ousted, Comes Back. Senate District Membership Intact.

The sweeping changes made by the elections Tuesday in the membership of the House will necessitate great changes in the personnel of the committees of the House. While Representative Ben Johnson of Kentucky, chairman of the House District committee, will return to the House in the Sixty-fourth Congress, nine of the other members of that committee will not be members of the next House. The above will include several democratic Representatives: George New York; Gorman, Illinois; O'Leary, New York; Reed, New Hampshire; L'Engle, Florida; and Claypool, Ohio; two republicans, Representatives Prouty, Iowa, and Wallin, New York, and one progressive, Representative Walters, Pennsylvania.

Representative Henry George, Jr. of New York, did not seek re-nomination, and Representative L'Engle of Florida was defeated for re-nomination at the primaries. The four other democrats who will not return were defeated at the polls by the republican members of the committee who will not return. Representative Prouty has been elected to the supreme bench in Iowa, and Representative Wallin of New York has been succeeded by another republican.

Some progressive members of the committee, Representative Walters of Pennsylvania, was defeated by a republican.

Dyer Comes Back.

Leonidas C. Dyer of St. Louis, Mo., a republican member of the District committee, was defeated at the election in the House a few months ago on the grounds of election frauds practiced in his behalf, has been elected to the House from the same district. Mr. Dyer took an active part in framing the election law which the District committee passed.

All the members of the Senate District committee, Senator John Walter Smith of Maryland, the chairman, and the other members, were re-elected. Senator William Dillingham of Vermont, Jones of Washington and Sherman of Illinois. All three pulled through.

The democrats in both Senate and House, by virtue of their majorities in those bodies, will be able to retain all the members of the committees.

The falling off in the House democratic majority probably will result in a re-arrangement of the committees. The falling off of the progressive membership of the House from 19 to 7 will cut down the number of the committees, and probably will lose it all important committee assignments it now holds.

Appropriation Changes.

The House appropriations committee will lose seven of its present members in the next House. They are five democrats, Representatives Bartlett, Georgia; Kinkaid, New Jersey; White, of Maine; Connecticut, and Representative Calder, New York, and one progressive, Representative Hingebach, of New York. The House committee will have to make five of the fourteeen places on the ways and means committee, which framed the Underwood tariff law. Representative Underwood of New York, a democrat, and Representative Stanley of Kentucky sought the senatorial nomination in Kentucky and lost his place. Representative Underwood of Kentucky, the progressive leader and member of the committee, lost his seat in an effort to go to the Senate.

The republican members of the committee were returned, and in addition, Ebenezer Dyer of Michigan, a democrat, and Representative Payne of Maine, who was sent back after a two-year stay at home. He probably will make a fight for his old place on the committee.

Rules and Labor Committees.

Two democratic members of the rules committee will not return. Representative Harwood of Georgia, who was the chairman, and Representative Goldfogle of New York was defeated by a socialist, Meyer London. Representative Kelley of Pennsylvania, the progressive member of the committee, was defeated by a republican. The republican members may lose their place on the committee.

The labor committee lost two democrats, Representative Walsh of New Jersey, who represented President Wilson's district, Representative Walsh of New Jersey, who represented President Wilson's district, and Representative Walsh of New Jersey, who represented President Wilson's district.

Four democratic members of the banking and currency committee failed to be re-elected. They were Representative Korbly of Indiana, Bulkeley of Ohio, Keely of Kansas and Seldondridge of Colorado.

Representative Hobson of Alabama, long a prominent member of the naval committee, failed to be re-elected. He is expected to be re-elected in the next House.

The democrats lost five members who were on the military affairs committee, the republicans one and the progressive one.

The judiciary committee will be practically unchanged.

CHANGES IN SENATE

The possibility of the defeat of Senator Newlands of Nevada threatened to leave vacant the chairmanship of the Senate interstate commerce committee, which has handled the administration of the Interstate Commerce Commission, which now has before it the administration of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

There will be few changes in the Senate committee in any event. Should Senator Thomas of Colorado finally be declared a loser the woman suffrage committee will have a new chairman.

PREMIER REPORTS SPAIN TO CONTINUE NEUTRALITY

PARIS, November 6.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Madrid says: "Premier Daudet declared in the chamber of deputies today (Thursday) that Spain would continue to observe the strictest neutrality and maintain friendly relations with all the belligerent countries."

"I do not believe Spain will be attacked," the premier added, "but if we will all give our lives to save our country."

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE DECIDES TO ATTEMPT TO CANCEL SOME LIQUOR LICENSES.

Will Ask Judges to Pass on Measurements.

WILL ASK JUDGES TO PASS ON MEASUREMENTS

Three More Permits Likely to Be Granted Soon, Making 300 in All.

With a congressional investigation of the workings of the excise board looming in the near future, the Anti-Saloon League today definitely decided to make its first appeal to the courts to correct what it alleges to have been gross violations of the law by the District's excise officials.

A. E. Shoemaker, attorney for the league, probably will early institute proceedings for a review of the board's decision. Several methods of getting the matter into court are under consideration. One is to have warrants sworn out against district judges who have issued licenses in violation of the law. In this event, the Police Court would be the first scene of action, with the Court of Appeals passing final judgment.

May Ask Certiorari Writ.

Another plan proposed is the writ of certiorari, which the board's records could be taken before the Supreme Court for review. Should this procedure be resorted to the object would be to have the court establish a principle under which disqualification of a licensee in order to determine whether or not the establishment of a particular license is in any of the Jones' cases.

A decision upholding the league's contention that the board's action would be determined might enable that organization to successfully institute proceedings for the cancellation of a number of licenses, it is stated.

Still another plan proposed is that of resorting to an injunction to compel the board to discontinue its business of a particular licensee until his right to engage in the liquor business has been established by the courts.

According to Mr. Shoemaker, the league believes that the excise board granted one hundred or more licenses either contrary to the letter or the spirit of the law. He stated that the anti-saloon forces intend to fight the matter out in the courts.

Plans for Congressional Inquiry.

In the meantime Mr. Shoemaker and Andrew Wilson, president of the league, will make a plan for asking a congressional investigation of the workings of the board. They have been appointed a committee by the executive committee of the league, which met yesterday. The committee will act as an advisory body, and will make recommendations which they may consider advisable.

Applications today are that the excise board will grant three more licenses within a short time in order to bring the number of licenses up to 300, the highest number permissible. Yesterday they granted the request of a New York brewer for permission to file an application, and Monday, it is expected, they will grant two more such licenses. The league has asked permission to file new applications.

SHIP SUPPLIES TO GERMANY

Cotton, Bandages and Garments to Be Sent by Red Cross Next Tuesday.

The Star will receive, acknowledge and transmit to the American Red Cross contributions from the public toward the work to be undertaken by that organization in connection with the war abroad.

American Red Cross headquarters today prepared a large quantity of hospital supplies for shipment to Germany. These will leave on the steamer Totem, which will sail for Germany tomorrow. The shipment includes 15,000 pounds of absorbent cotton, 15,000 pounds of mediate gauze, 30,000 bandages and twenty large cases of hospital garments.

It is expected that one-third of this supply will be sent to the American Red Cross hospital in Munich, which is in charge of Drs. Franz and Sophie Nordhoff-Jung, formerly of Washington.

Collin Herrie to Go to Belgium.

Collin Herrie is to leave for Belgium next week with the commission selected by the Rockefeller Foundation to investigate the conditions in Belgium and determine upon relief measures.

Herrie is a resident of 729 Massachusetts street, and is one of the Massachusetts area northeast. He is the Red Cross disbursing officer and has just returned from a commission of investigation in the American Red Cross.

Miss Mable T. Boardman, chairman of the relief committee of the American Red Cross, explained the method of distributing relief employed by the Red Cross at a meeting of the City Council last night.

Contributions to the Red Cross war relief fund transmitted through The Evening Star and other newspapers, will be acknowledged by the Red Cross, P. M. C. 116, and Ellen K. Brandenburg, 810.

WILLIE RITCHIE GROWING BIG.

Montieth Says He Cannot Make Lightweight Limit.

NEW YORK, November 6.—Johnny Dundee and his manager, Scotty Monteth, returned to New York Wednesday from a successful boxing invasion of the west. Dundee boxed Willie Ritchie at four rounds, and won a decision and the critics there gave New York boy credit for forcing the former champion to his limit.

"Ritchie is as big as a house," said Monteth, "but he had an offer for a twenty round fight. I thought it was a good offer, but Ritchie insisted on catchweights. He says McFarland got away with a year, and sees no reason why he shouldn't do the same. As a matter of fact, I doubt if he can make the lightweight limit again without weakening himself. We could get a lot of money fighting Ritchie twenty rounds, but I don't intend to have Dundee boxing big house. There was \$5,500 in the box office and prices ranging from 50 cents to \$2."

Dundee will remain here about a week, and then go to Milwaukee, where he has an engagement with Joe Rivers November 23.

The Sunday Star

In the Special Features Section

Central America Commerce Upset by the War

Central America has been almost lost sight of in the discussion of the reflex effect of the European war. The article by Mr. Pepper writes of some interesting phases of the situation.

The Deadly Torpedo

Already torpedoes have played an important part in the European war. The article tells how they operate and what seems to be human intelligence.

Uncle Sam's Commercial Scouts Will Work Abroad

In an interview with Albertus H. Baldwin, the first of the new corps of commercial attaches of American embassies, Ashmun Brown describes the latest movement to boost our trade abroad.

London Fears Zeppelin Raids

A correspondent in London tells how the whole city is taking precautions to insure itself against damage by German aircraft.

In the Sunday Magazine

"Loyalty"

Roy Norton contributes another of a series of stories, based on truth, of those who refuse to surrender.

"Holding Down a Congressman's Job"

James Hay, jr., tells a number of surprising things about the work of a representative of the people in the lower House.

"Some Guesses on Ruby"

Of course, it is a Sewell Ford story. More than that, it concerns Torchy, the irrepressible, red-headed office boy.

These Are But a Few of the Features You Will Find Next Sunday in THE SUNDAY STAR